

ABSTRAK

Pelayanan ANC dinilai sangat penting dalam memastikan ibu hamil maupun janin yang dikandungnya akan selamat baik selama kehamilan maupun saat persalinan. Teraturnya kunjungan ANC dapat berhubungan dengan berbagai faktor, diantaranya adalah dukungan suami, pengetahuan dan sikap ibu. Berdasar kan studi awal yang dilakukan di wilayah kerja Puskesmas Namfalus dengan mewawancarai 8 orang ibu hamil diperoleh hasil bahwa dukungan suami dan pengetahuan ibu tentang ANC masih kurang serta sikap ibu terkait ANC masih cenderung negatif. Tujuan dari penelitian ini menganalisis hubungan antara dukungan suami, pengetahuan dan sikap ibu dengan kunjungan *antenatal care* di wilayah kerja Puskesmas Namfalus .

Jenis penelitian yang digunakan adalah jenis penelitian analitik observasional dengan pendekatan *cross sectional*. Sampel/responden penelitian berjumlah 51 orang ibu hamil yang dipilih menggunakan *purposive sampling*. Variabel dependent penelitian ini yaitu kunjungan *antenatal care*, serta variabel independen yaitu dukungan suami, pengetahuan dan sikap ibu. Pengumpulan data penelitian menggunakan instrumen kuesioner. Teknik analisis data terdiri dari analisis univariat untuk menggambarkan karakteristik responden penelitian dan analisis bivariat untuk mengetahui hubungan variabel independen terhadap variabel dependent dengan menggunakan uji *chi-square* dengan $\alpha = 0,05$.

Hasil penelitian menunjukkan bahwa terdapat hubungan antara dukungan suami dengan kunjungan ANC ($p = 0,018$), terdapat hubungan antara pengetahuan dengan kunjungan ANC ($p = 0,039$), tidak terdapat hubungan antara sikap ibu dengan kunjungan ANC di wilayah kerja Puskesmas Namfalus ($p = 0,203$).

Kesimpulan pada penelitian ini yaitu terdapat hubungan antara dukungan suami dan pengetahuan ibu dengan kunjungan ANC, namun tidak terdapat hubungan antara sikap ibu dengan kunjungan ANC di wilayah kerja Puskesmas Namfalus. Disarankan kepada suami untuk selalu memperhatikan ibu hamil karena bentuk dukungan suami mendorong ibu lebih semangat melakukan kunjungan ANC, selain itu dari ibu hamil sendiri, dengan pengetahuan serta sikap yang baik hendaknya di dukung dengan motivasi untuk melakukan ANC sesuai standar.

Kata Kunci: *Antenatal Care*, Dukungan Suami, Pengetahuan, Sikap.

ABSTRACT

ANC services are considered very important in ensuring that pregnant women and their fetuses will be safe both during pregnancy and during delivery. Regular ANC visits can be related to various factors, including husband's support, mother's knowledge and attitude. Based on an initial study conducted in the working area of the Namfalus Health Center by interviewing 8 pregnant women, it was found that husband's support and mother's knowledge about ANC were still lacking and mothers' attitudes regarding ANC still tended to be negative. The purpose of this study was to analyze the relationship between husband's support, knowledge and Mother's attitude with antenatal care visits in the working area of Namfalus Health Center.

The type of research used is an observational analytic study with a cross sectional approach. The sample/respondent of the study amounted to 51 pregnant women who were selected using purposive sampling. The dependent variable of this study is antenatal care visits, and the independent variables are husband's support, mother's knowledge and attitudes. Collecting research data using a questionnaire instrument. The data analysis technique consisted of univariate analysis to describe the characteristics of research respondents and bivariate analysis to determine the relationship of the independent variable to the dependent variable using the chi-square test $\alpha = 0,05$.

The results showed that there was a relationship between husband's support and ANC visits ($p = 0.018$), there was a relationship between knowledge and ANC visits ($p = 0.039$), there was no relationship between mother's attitude and ANC visits in the working area of the Namfalus Health Center ($p = 0.203$).

The conclusion of this study is that there is a relationship between husband's support and mother's knowledge with ANC visits, but there is no relationship between mother's attitude and ANC visits in the working area of Namfalus Health Center. It is recommended to husbands to always pay attention to pregnant women because the husband's form of support encourages mothers to be more enthusiastic about ANC visits, apart from that from pregnant women themselves, with good knowledge and attitudes should be supported by motivation to perform ANC according to standards.

Keywords: Antenatal Care, Husband's Support, Knowledge, Attitude