

ABSTRAK

GAMBARAN FAKTOR PENYEBAB TERJADINYA GASTRITIS DI DESA TLOGOWARU WILAYAH KERJA PUSKESMAS TEMANDANG KABUPATEN TUBAN

Oleh :

FRISKA TIFANI YUNANDA
NIM. P27820519024

Gastritis adalah suatu inflamasi pada mukosa lambung yang didasarkan oleh gambaran histologis mukosa lambung. Menurut Kementerian Kesehatan Republik Indonesia, angka kejadian gastritis cukup tinggi di kota-kota di Indonesia yaitu Jakarta 50%, Palembang 35,5%, Bandung 32%, Denpasar 46%, Surabaya 31,2%, Aceh 31,7%, Pontianak 31,2%, sedangkan kejadian gastritis di Medan mencapai 91,6% (Kementerian Kesehatan, 2018). Tujuan dari penelitian ini adalah diketahuinya gambaran faktor penyebab terjadinya gastritis di Desa Tlogowaru Wilayah Kerja Puskesmas Temandang Kabupaten Tuban.

Desain penelitian ini adalah deskriptif. Populasinya sebesar 54 penderita gastritis dengan sampel sebanyak penderita gastritis. Tehnik *sampling* yang digunakan adalah *total sampling* dengan metode kuantitatif. Tehnik pengumpulan data menggunakan kuesioner, observasional, dan wawancara. Dianalisis secara deskriptif dengan teknik distribusi frekuensi dan prosentase

Diperoleh hasil hampir seluruhnya penderita gastritis memiliki pola makan kurang baik yaitu 49 orang (91%), seluruh penderita gastritis memiliki jenis makanan kurang baik yaitu 54 orang (100%), hampir setengah penderita gastritis mengalami kejadian stress dalam kategori sedang sebanyak 23 penderita (42,6%), hampir seluruh penderita gastritis tidak merokok sebanyak 51 penderita (94%), hampir seluruh penderita gastritis tidak mengkonsumsi minuman mengandung alkohol sebanyak 52 penderita (96%).

Gambaran faktor penyebab terjadinya gastritis di Desa Tlogowaru wilayah kerja Puskesmas Temandang mayoritas penderita gastritis memiliki pola makan kurang baik, jenis makanan kurang baik, dan mengalami stress dalam kategori sedang.

Kata Kunci:Faktor Penyebab, Penderita, Gastritis

ABSTRACT

Overview of the Factors Causing the Occurrence of Gastritis in Tlogowaru Village Working Area of Temandang Health Center Tuban Regency

By :

FRISKA TIFANI YUNANDA
NIM. P27820519024

According to the Ministry of Health of the Republic of Indonesia, the incidence of gastritis is quite high in cities in Indonesia, namely Jakarta 50%, Palembang 35.5%, Bandung 32%, Denpasar 46%, Surabaya 31.2%, Aceh 31.7%, Pontianak 31.2%, while the incidence of gastritis in Medan reached 91.6% (Ministry of Health, 2018). The purpose of this study was to determine the description of the factors causing gastritis in Tlogowaru Village, Temandang Health Center, Tuban Regency.

The design of this research is descriptive. The population is 54 gastritis patients with as many as gastritis sufferers as samples. The sampling technique used was total sampling with quantitative methods. Data collection techniques used questionnaires, observational, and interviews. Analyzed descriptively with frequency distribution technique and percentage

The results showed that almost all of the gastritis sufferers had a poor diet, namely 49 people (91%), all gastritis sufferers had bad food types, namely 54 people (100%), almost half of gastritis sufferers experienced stress events in the moderate category as many as 23 patients (42 people), almost all gastritis sufferers do not smoke as many as 51 patients (94%), almost all gastritis sufferers do not consume alcoholic beverages as many as 52 patients (96%).

The description of the factors that cause gastritis in Tlogowaru Village, the work area of the Temandang Health Center, the majority of gastritis sufferers have a poor diet, the type of food is not good, and experience stress in the moderate category.

Keywords: *Causing Factors, Patients, Gastritis*