

ABSTRACT

Background. Abortion is the end of a pregnancy (due to certain consequences) at or before the pregnancy is 22 weeks old or the fruit of the pregnancy has not been able to live outside the womb. Currently, abortion is a serious problem, seen from the high number of abortions, which is increasing from year to year. Risk factors for abortion include maternal factors (60%). **Objective.** The purpose of this review is to conduct a literature review of maternal factors (age, parity and history of abortion) that influence the incidence of abortion. **Method.** This research is a literature review research using the PubMed, ProQuest, Google Scholar databases published within the last 5 years and published in Indonesian and English and the assessment using JBI. The search results found 741 , then the selection was carried out leaving 15 articles that met the inclusion criteria. **Results.** The results of this review state that age and parity factors can affect the incidence of abortion. **Conclusion.** Of the 15 journals that have been selected, most of the journals discuss the factors of age, parity, and history of abortion that affect the incidence of abortion. **Suggestion.** Further research is needed to find out why maternal age , parity and history of abortion can influence the incidence of abortion , there may be other supporting factors so that the factors that have been mentioned can influence the incidence of abortion .

Keywords: *Factor, Age, Parity, Abortion History, Abortion*