

GAMBARAN PELAYANAN KADER DAN PARTISIPASI IBU BALITA KE POSYANDU DI KELURAHAN DITOTRUNAN KECAMATAN LUMAJANG KABUPATEN LUMAJANG

ABSTRAK

Pertumbuhan dan perkembangan anak adalah fase terpenting saat masa bayi dan balita. Lima tahun pertama merupakan masa yang paling menentukan dalam perkembangan fisik, mental, dan kecerdasan anak. Pemantauan pertumbuhan balita penting dilakukan untuk mengetahui adanya keterlambatan atau gangguan pertumbuhan secara dini. Tujuan Penelitian ini adalah untuk mengetahui gambaran pelayanan kader dan partisipasi ibu balita ke posyandu di Kelurahan Ditotrunan Kecamatan Lumajang Kabupaten Lumajang.

Penelitian ini menggunakan desain penelitian kuantitatif dengan rancangan *desain analisis deskriptif* dengan pendekatan *cross sectional* dengan besar sampel sebanyak 96 ibu balita di Kelurahan Ditotrunan Kecamatan Lumajang Kabupaten Lumajang, diambil secara acak sederhana (*simple random sampling*). Pengumpulan data dilakukan dengan wawancara menggunakan kuesioner meliputi karakteristik responden, pelayanan kader, dan partisipasi ibu balita datang ke posyandu.

Hasil penelitian menunjukkan sebanyak 66,7% responden memiliki tingkat pendidikan tinggi, dan 56% responden bekerja. Sebagian besar (60,42%), ibu balita tidak aktif ke posyandu. Tingkat partisipasi ibu balita ke posyandu dapat ditentukan oleh tingkat pendidikan dan pelayanan kader namun tidak ditentukan oleh status pekerjaan. Dibutuhkan inovasi untuk meningkatkan partisipasi ibu balita agar aktif datang ke posyandu.

Kata kunci : *pelayanan kader, partisipasi ibu balita, dan posyandu*

DESCRIPTION OF KADER SERVICES AND PARTICIPATION OF MOTHER OF CHILDREN TO POSYANDU IN KELURAHAN DITOTRUNAN KECAMATAN LUMAJANG, LUMAJANG DISTRICT

ABSTRACT

Child growth and development is the most important phase during infancy and toddlers. The first five years are the most decisive period in children's physical, mental, and intelligence development. Toddler growth monitoring is important to find out if there are delays or early growth disorders. The purpose of this study was to find out the description of cadre services and participation of mothers of children under five to posyandu in Kelurahan Ditotrunan, Lumajang District, Lumajang Regency.

This study uses a quantitative research design with a descriptive analysis design design with a cross sectional approach with a sample size of 96 under-five mothers in the Kelurahan Ditotrunan Lumajang Subdistrict Lumajang Regency, taken by simple random sampling. Data collection was done by interviewing questionnaires covering the characteristics of respondents, cadre services, and the activity of mothers of children under five who came to the posyandu.

The results showed that 66.7% of respondents had a higher education level, and 56% of respondents worked. Most (60.42%) mothers of children under five are not active in the posyandu. The level of participation of mothers of children under five to posyandu can be determined by the level of education and service of cadres, but it is not determined by the status of employment. Innovations are needed to increase the participation of mothers of children under five to actively come to posyandu.

Keywords: *kader services, participation of mothers of children under five, and posyandu*