

**GAMBARAN TINGKAT PENGETAHUAN IBU BALITA
TENTANG KADARZI DAN STATUS GIZI BALITA
MENURUT BERAT BADAN DIBANDING UMUR
DI DESA SENDURO KECAMATAN SENDURO
KABUPATEN LUMAJANG**

ABSTRAK

Masalah gizi merupakan masalah yang masih terjadi di tingkat dunia sampai tingkat desa, salah satunya di desa Senduro masih ditemui masalah gizi. Berdasarkan hasil bulan timbang tahun 2017 Kabupaten Lumajang balita gizi kurang 6,62%. Sedangkan hasil bulan timbang tahun 2017 di desa Senduro balita gizi kurang 4,9% dan di tahun 2018 balita gizi kurang 0,35%, balita gizi buruk 0,04%, balita stunting 0,11%.

Dalam mengatasi masalah tersebut di desa Senduro mulai tahun 2015 telah melakukan prioritas pembangunan kesehatan salah satunya adalah keluarga sadar gizi (KADARZI) yang meliputi lima indikator kadarzi .

Berdasarkan uraian di atas tujuan dari penelitian ini adalah untuk mengetahui gambaran tingkat pengetahuan ibu balita tentang KADARZI dan status gizi balita menurut berat badan dibanding umur di desa Senduro Kecamatan Senduro, Kabupaten Lumajang. Jenis penelitian ini adalah deskriptif dengan populasi penelitian ini adalah semua ibu yang mempunyai anak balita sebanyak 348 ibu balita , dan sampel sebanyak 78 anak balita dengan menggunakan teknik sampling.

Hasil penelitian menunjukkan tingkat pengetahuan ibu balita tentang KADARZI kategori baik sebesar 75,6% sedangkan status gizi balita baik sebesar 88,5%, Berdasarkan hasil penelitian itu dapat disimpulkan bahwa tingkat pengetahuan ibu balita tentang KADARZI yang baik akan memiliki balita dengan status gizi baik.

Oleh karena itu diharapkan kesadaran masyarakat untuk melakukan KADARZI dan kesadaran petugas kesehatan memberikan penyuluhan sangat berperan dalam meningkatkan pengetahuan masyarakat.

Kata kunci : pengetahuan, kadarzi, status gizi

**DESCRIPTION OF THE LEVEL OF KNOWLEDGE OF MOTHERS OF
CHILDREN UNDER FIVE ABOUT THE LEVEL OF NUTRITION AND
NUTRITIONAL STATUS OF CHILDREN UNDER THE AGE
OF WEIGHT COMPARED TO THE AGE IN
SENDURO VILAGE SENDURO SUB
DISTRICT LUMAJANG**

ABSTRACT

Nutritional problems are a problem that still occurs at the world level to the village level. Are there only nutritional problems in Senduro village. Based on the result of the weighing month in 2017 the district of Lumajang toddler malnutrition 6,62%. While the result of the weighing month of 2017 in Senduro village are underweight toddlers 4,9% and in 2018 toddlers were malnourished 0,3%, children under five malnourished 0,04%, stunting toddlers 0,11%.

In overcoming this problem in the village of Senduro starting in 2015 the priority of health development is that one is a family aware of nutrition conscious family (KADARZI) which includes live KADARZI indicators.

Based on the description on the above the purpose of this study is to find out a description of the level of knowledge of mothers of children under the age about KADARZI and the nutritional status of children under five according to weight compared to the age in Senduro village Senduro sub district Lumajang. This type of research is a description with the population of this study are all mothers who have children under five as many as 348 mothers of children under five and there were 78 children using the sampling technique.

The results showed that the knowledge level of under-five mothers in the good category was 75,6%, while the nutritional status of toddlers was good at 88,5. Based on the results of the study it can be concluded that the level of knowledge of mothers under five about good KADARZI will have children with good nutritional

Therefore it is expected that public awareness of health workers to provide counseling is very instrumental in increasing public knowledge.

Keywords : knowledge, KADARZI, nutritional status