

ABSTRAK

LAPORAN KASUS PADA IBU HAMIL GRANDE MULTIPARA DENGAN RIWAYAT *SECTIO CAESAREA* DAN HBsAg POSITIF DI PUSKESMAS DAWAR BLANDONG KABUPATEN MOJOKERTO

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Pendahuluan: Kehamilan dengan grande multipara, riwayat *sectio caesarea* (SC), dan HBsAg positif merupakan kehamilan risiko tinggi yang dapat meningkatkan risiko komplikasi pada ibu maupun janin sehingga memerlukan asuhan kebidanan yang komprehensif dan berkesinambungan. Laporan kasus ini bertujuan mendeskripsikan asuhan kebidanan pada ibu hamil dengan kondisi HbsAg positif dan riwayat *sectio caesarea*. **Metode:** Laporan ini menggunakan metode studi kasus (*case report*). Pengambilan kasus dilakukan di Puskesmas Dawar Blandong, Kabupaten Mojokerto, pada April–Mei 2026. Subjek kasus adalah Ny. S, usia 37 tahun, G4P2A1, dengan diagnosis kehamilan risiko tinggi karena grande multipara, riwayat *sectio caesarea*, dan HBsAg positif. Asuhan kebidanan diberikan melalui tiga kali kunjungan antenatal menggunakan pendekatan manajemen kebidanan dan didokumentasikan dengan metode SOAP. **Hasil dan Pembahasan:** Hasil pengkajian menunjukkan ibu mengeluhkan lemas dan penurunan nafsu makan serta ditemukan ikterus ringan pada sklera. Asuhan yang diberikan meliputi edukasi, pemenuhan nutrisi, pemantauan kondisi ibu dan janin, dukungan psikologis, serta kolaborasi dan rujukan sesuai kebutuhan. Pada kunjungan ketiga, kondisi ibu menunjukkan perbaikan yang ditandai dengan berkurangnya keluhan lemas, meningkatnya nafsu makan, serta kondisi ibu dan janin yang tetap baik selama masa pemantauan. **Simpulan dan Saran:** Asuhan kebidanan yang komprehensif dan berkesinambungan membantu mempertahankan kondisi ibu dan janin serta mendukung deteksi dini komplikasi pada kehamilan risiko tinggi. Tenaga kesehatan diharapkan meningkatkan pemantauan antenatal, edukasi, dan kolaborasi untuk mencegah komplikasi.

Kata kunci: Kehamilan, HBsAg, riwayat *sectio caesarea*.

ABSTRACT

CASE REPORT OF GRANDE MULTIPARA PREGNANT WOMAN WITH A HISTORY OF SECTIO CAESAREA AND POSITIVE HBSAG AT DAWAR BLANDONG COMMUNITY HEALTH CENTER MOJOKERTO REGENCY

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Introduction : *Pregnancy complicated by grand multiparity, a history of cesarean section (CS), and positive hepatitis B surface antigen (HBsAg) is classified as a high-risk pregnancy that may increase the risk of maternal and fetal complications. Therefore, comprehensive and continuous midwifery care is required. This case report aimed to describe midwifery care provided to a pregnant woman with positive HBsAg and previous cesarean section. **Methods:** This report used a case report design. The case was conducted at Dawar Blandong Primary Health Center, Mojokerto Regency, from April to May 2026. The subject was Mrs. S, a 37-year-old G4P2A1, diagnosed with a high-risk pregnancy due to grand multiparity, a previous cesarean section, and positive HBsAg. Midwifery care was provided through three antenatal visits using the midwifery management approach and documented using the SOAP method. **Results and Discussion:** The initial assessment revealed complaints of fatigue, decreased appetite, and mild scleral jaundice. The care provided included health education, nutritional management, maternal and fetal monitoring, psychological support, as well as collaboration and referral when indicated. At the third antenatal visit, the mother's condition had improved, as evidenced by reduced fatigue, improved appetite, and stable maternal and fetal conditions throughout the follow-up period. **Conclusion and Suggestions:** Comprehensive and continuous midwifery care helped maintain maternal and fetal well-being and supported the early detection of complications in high-risk pregnancy. Healthcare providers are expected to strengthen antenatal monitoring, provide continuous education, and enhance interdisciplinary collaboration to prevent maternal and neonatal complications.*

Keywords: *Pregnancy, HBsAg, previous cesarean section.*