

ABSTRAK

Gyta Putri Wahyu Ardyansa

P27824123054

LAPORAN KASUS ASUHAN KEBIDANAN PADA BAYI USIA 1 BULAN DENGAN SIFILIS KONGENITAL DI PUSKESMAS DUKUN KABUPATEN GRESIK

Sifilis kongenital merupakan infeksi *Treponema pallidum* yang ditularkan secara vertikal dari ibu ke bayi dan berisiko menyebabkan morbiditas hingga kematian neonatal. Di Puskesmas Dukun Kabupaten Gresik periode Januari–April 2026 ditemukan 1 kasus sifilis kongenital dari 120 kelahiran hidup (0,83%). Studi ini bertujuan mendeskripsikan asuhan kebidanan pada bayi usia 1 bulan dengan sifilis kongenital.

Studi kasus dengan desain *case report* menggunakan pendokumentasian SOAP. Data diperoleh melalui wawancara, pemeriksaan fisik, observasi, dan telaah dokumentasi kebidanan pada April–Juni 2026.

Sesuai hasil pengamatan ini adalah bayi lahir dari ibu dengan riwayat sifilis selama kehamilan dan menunjukkan snuffles, sekret mata kekuningan, ruam leher, serta pengelupasan kulit pada kaki. Bayi memperoleh terapi medis dan asuhan kebidanan berupa pemantauan kondisi, pemenuhan nutrisi, edukasi kepada ibu, dan tindak lanjut, sehingga selama masa pengamatan kondisi bayi membaik tanpa komplikasi. Asuhan kebidanan komprehensif yang dikolaborasikan dengan terapi medis berkontribusi terhadap perbaikan kondisi bayi dan membantu mencegah komplikasi sifilis kongenital.

Kata Kunci : Antenatal Care, Bayi, Sifilis Kongenital, *Treponema pallidum*

ABSTRACT

Gyta Putri Wahyu Ardyansa

P27824123054

CASE REPORT OF MIDWIFERY CARE FOR A 1-MONTH-OLD INFANT WITH CONGENITAL SYPHILIS AT DUKUN PUBLIC HEALTH CENTER, GRESIK REGENCY

*Congenital syphilis is an infection caused by *Treponema pallidum* that is vertically transmitted from mother to infant and may lead to significant morbidity and neonatal mortality. At Dukun Public Health Center, Gresik Regency, during the period from January to April 2026, one case of congenital syphilis was identified among 120 live births (0.83%). This study aimed to describe midwifery care provided to a 1-month-old infant with congenital syphilis.*

This case study used a case report design with SOAP documentation. Data were obtained through interviews, physical examinations, observations, and a review of midwifery documentation conducted from April to June 2026.

The observation involved an infant born to a mother with a history of syphilis during pregnancy who presented with snuffles, yellowish eye discharge, a neck rash, and skin peeling on the legs. The infant received medical therapy and midwifery care, including condition monitoring, nutritional support, maternal education, and follow-up. During the observation period, the infant's condition improved without complications. Comprehensive midwifery care in collaboration with medical therapy contributed to the improvement of the infant's condition and helped prevent complications of congenital syphilis.

Keywords: Antenatal Care, Infant, Congenital Syphilis, *Treponema pallidum*.