

ABSTRAK

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HUBUNGAN PENGETAHUAN TENTANG *GINGIVITIS* PADA IBU HAMIL
DENGAN *GINGIVITIS* DI PUSKESMAS BULAK BANTENG KOTA
SURABAYA TAHUN 2025

xvi + 66 Halaman+ 10 Tabel + 11 Lampiran

Masa kehamilan masih kurang akan kesehatan mulut dan gigi salah satunya adalah masalah gingivitis. Di Indonesia, 74% ibu hamil mengalami radang gusi, menurut Riskesdas 2018. Di Puskesmas Bulak Banteng, Surabaya, adapun tujuan dari penelitian ini iyalah untuk mengetahui hubungan antara radang gusi dan kesadaran ibu hamil terhadap kondisi tersebut.

Metode penelitian: Penelitian ini bersifat analitik dan potong lintang. Sasaran penelitian adalah ibu hamil. Sebanyak tiga puluh ibu hamil. Kuesioner informasi dan indeks gingiva disebarakan sebagai bagian dari proses pengumpulan data. Uji Spearman rho merupakan metode analisis data yang dipakai.

Hasil penelitian menunjukkan jika indeks gingiva ibu hamil berada pada kisaran sedang dan pengetahuan ibu hamil tentang gingivitis berada pada kategori kurang. Berdasarkan hasil penelitian, tidak terdapat hubungan antara gingivitis ibu hamil dengan pengetahuan ibu hamil tentang gingivitis. Kesimpulan: Berdasarkan hasil analisis, tidak terdapat hubungan antara gingivitis ibu hamil di Poli Gigi Puskesmas Bulak Banteng Surabaya tahun 2025 dengan pemahaman ibu hamil tentang gingivitis.

Kata kunci: Pengetahuan, Gingivitis, Ibu Hamil

Daftar Bacaan : 23 Jurnal + 9 buku (2015-2023)

ABSTRACT

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THE RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN KNOWLEDGE GINGIVITIS IN PREGNANT WOMEN AND INCIDENCE OF GINGIVITIS AT BULAK BANTENG COMMUNITY HEALTH CENTER, SURABAYA CITY IN 2025

xvi + 66 pages + 10 tables + 11 Appendies

Pregnancy is still lacking in oral and dental health, one of which is the problem of gingivitis. In Indonesia, 74% of pregnant women experience gingivitis, according to Riskesdas 2018. At the Bulak Banteng Health Center, Surabaya, the purpose of this study was to determine the relationship between gingivitis and pregnant women's awareness of the condition.

Research methods: This study is analytical and cross-sectional. The target of the study was pregnant women. A total of thirty pregnant women. Information questionnaires and gingival index were distributed as part of the data collection process. Spearman's rho is a data analysis method used.

As per the findings, pregnant women's gingival index fell under the moderate range, and their knowledge on gingivitis fell into the poor group. There was no correlation between pregnant women's knowledge of gingivitis and their gingivitis, according to the study's findings. Conclusion: According to the analysis's findings, there was no correlation between pregnant women's knowledge of gingivitis and the condition during 2025 at the Bulak Banteng Health Center Dental Clinic in Surabaya.

Keywords : *Knowledge, Gingivitis, Pregnant Women*

Reference : *23 Journals + 9 Books (2015-2023)*